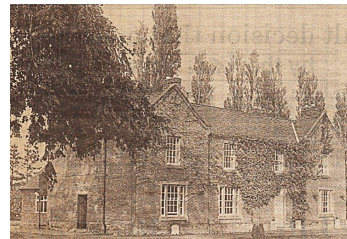


How Did Robert Bakewell Change the World of Farming?



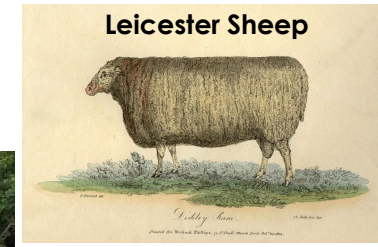
Dishley Grange



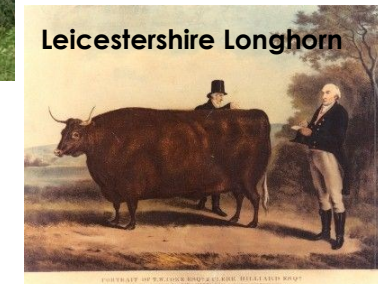
A framework knitters family



Wealthy landowners

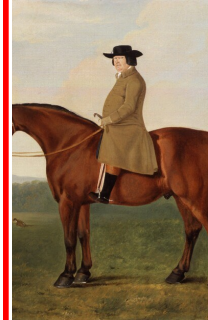


Leicester Sheep



Leicestershire Longhorn

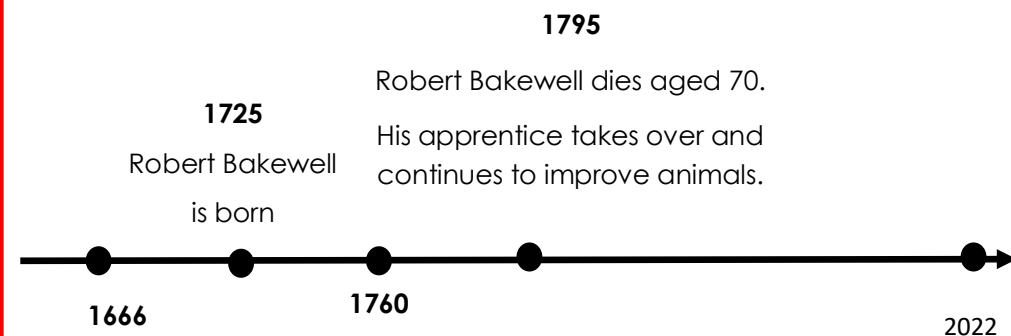
Key Vocabulary and definition	
breeding	Selecting the best parent animals for producing offspring.
irrigation	Applying controlled amounts of water to land for crop growing.
livestock	Domesticated animals farmed for their products: meat, eggs, wool, milk.
arable	Land used for growing crops (wheat, corn)
climate	The weather pattern in an area.
terrain	The natural landscape of an area. This can be flat, hilly, rocky, marshy,
equator	An imaginary circle that divides the Earth into the northern and southern hemispheres.
poles	The poles mark the Earth's axis of rotation.



Robert Bakewell

lived: 1725—1795

- Born into a farming family in Loughborough.
- Travelled around Europe as a young man, learning about different farming methods.
- Took over the family farm in 1760.
- Pioneered grassland irrigation and experimented with different manures and flooding methods.
- He is most famous for careful breeding of his sheep and cows to produce the best fleece and meat.



1725
Robert Bakewell is born

1760
The Great Fire Of London
Robert Bakewell takes over the family farm aged 35.

1795
Robert Bakewell dies aged 70.
His apprentice takes over and continues to improve animals.

Robert Bakewell was born 297 years ago in 1725.
He took over the family farm aged 35 years.
He died aged 70.